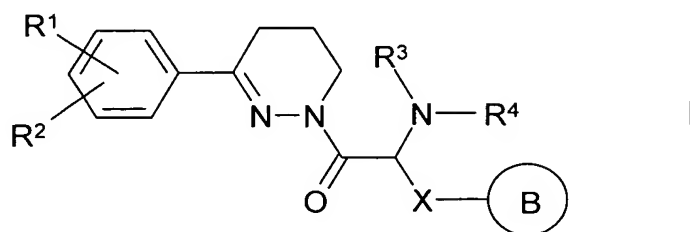


This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I



in which

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  are each, independently of one another, H, OH,  $OR^8$ ,  $-SR^8$ ,  $-SOR^8$ ,  $-SO_2R^8$  or Hal,

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  together are alternatively  $-OCH_2O-$  or  $-OCH_2CH_2O-$ ,

$R^3$  is H,  $A''R^9$ ,  $COA''R^9$ ,  $COOA''R^9$ ,  $CONH_2$ ,  $CONHA''R^9$ ,  $CON(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,  $NH_2$ ,  $NHA''R^9$ ,  $N(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,  $NCOA''R^9$  or  $NCOOA''R^9$ ,

$R^4$  is H,  $A''R^9$ ,  $COA''R^9$ ,  $COOA''R^9$ ,  $CONH_2$ ,  $CONHA''R^9$  or  $CON(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,

B is an aromatic isocyclic or heterocyclic radical, which may be unsubstituted or monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$  and/or  $R^7$ ,

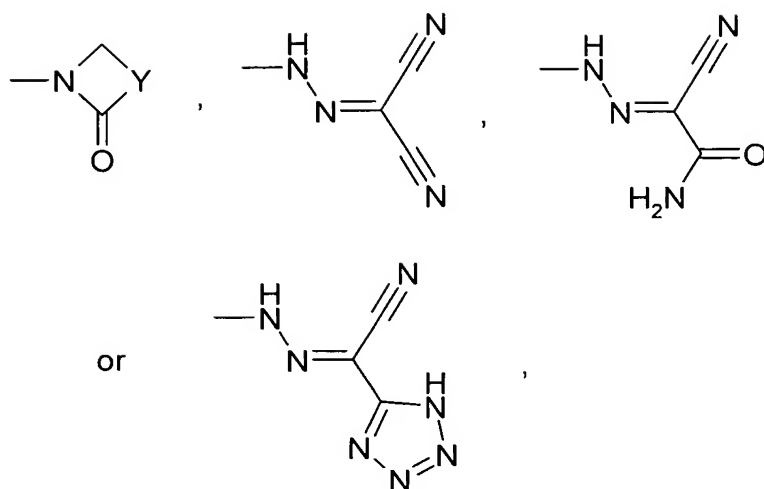
X is alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three  $CH_2$  groups may be replaced by O, S, SO,  $SO_2$ , NH or  $NA''R^9$ ,

1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

and/or 1 or 2 H atoms may be replaced by  $R^{11}$  and/or  $R^{12}$ ,

$R^5$ ,  $R^6$

and  $R^7$  are each, independently of one another, H,  $A''R^9$ , OH,  $OA''R^9$ ,  $NH_2$ ,  $NHA''R^9$ ,  $N(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,  $NHCOA''R^9$ ,  $NHCOOA''R^9$ ,  $NHCONH_2$ ,  $NHCONHA''R^9$ ,  $NHCON(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ , Hal,  $COOH$ ,  $COOA''R^9$ ,  $CONH_2$ ,  $CONHA''R^9$ ,  $CON(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,



$R^8$  is A, cycloalkyl having 3-7 carbon atoms or alkylencycloalkyl having 4-8 carbon atoms,

$R^9$  is H, COOH, COOA, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA, CONAA', NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA, NAA', NCOA, NCOOA, OH, OA, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-aryl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Het,

$R^{10}$  is alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3-7 carbon atoms, alkylencycloalkyl having 4-8 carbon atoms or alkenyl having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NMe, NEt and/or by -CH=CH- groups, 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl, and/or 1 H atom may be replaced by  $R^9$ ,

$R^{11}$  is H, A, COOA" $R^9$ , CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA" $R^9$ , CON(A" $R^9$ )(A''' $R^9$ ), NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA" $R^9$ , N(A" $R^9$ )(A''' $R^9$ ), NCOA" $R^9$ , NCOOA" $R^9$ , OH or OA" $R^9$ ,

$R^{12}$  is H, A, COOA" $R^9$ , CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA" $R^9$  or CON(A" $R^9$ )(A''' $R^9$ ),

Y is alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

A and A' are each, independently of one another, alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenyl having 2-8 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O,

S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or  
 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,  
 or  
 aryl or Het,

A and A' together are alternatively an alkylene chain having 2-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NR<sup>10</sup>, NCOR<sup>10</sup> or NCOOR<sup>10</sup>,

A" and A''' are each, independently of one another,  
 absent, alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms, alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms or cycloalkylene having 3-7 carbon atoms,  
 in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or  
 1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

A" and A''' together are alternatively an alkylene chain having 2-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NR<sup>10</sup>, NCOR<sup>10</sup> or NCOOR<sup>10</sup>,

aryl is phenyl, naphthyl, fluorenyl or biphenyl, each of which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by Hal, R<sup>14</sup>, OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOR<sup>13</sup>, CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, NR<sup>13</sup>CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, COR<sup>13</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>14</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup> is H or alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,  
 R<sup>14</sup> is alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,

Het is a monocyclic or bicyclic saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic ring having 1 or 2 N, O and/or S atoms, which may be unsubstituted or monosubstituted or disubstituted by oxo group, Hal, R<sup>14</sup>, OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOR<sup>13</sup>, CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, NR<sup>13</sup>CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>14</sup>, COR<sup>13</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>13</sup> and/or S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>14</sup>,

Hal is F, Cl, Br or I,

m is 0, 1 or 2, and  
 n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

2. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are each, independently of one another, H, methoxy, ethoxy, benzyloxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, difluoromethoxy, F, Cl, cyclopentyloxy, cyclohexyloxy or cycloheptyloxy, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.
3. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  are each, independently of one another, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, cyclopentyloxy or F, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.
4. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which  $R^1$  is 4-methoxy, and  $R^2$  is 3-ethoxy, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.
5. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which  $R^4$  is H, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.
6. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which  $R^3$  is H,  $\text{COO}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{-aryl}$ ,  $\text{COA}^n\text{H}$ ,  $\text{COOA}^n\text{H}$ ,  $\text{A}^n\text{NAA}^n$ ,  $\text{A}^n\text{-aryl}$  or  $\text{A}^n\text{Het}$ , or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.
7. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which X is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.
8. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1, in which

B is phenyl, pyridyl, pyridyl N-oxide, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, triazinyl, isoxazolinyl, oxazolinyl, thiazolinyl, pyrazolinyl, imidazolinyl, naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, cinnolinyl, phthalazinyl, quinazolinyl or quinoxalinyl, each of which is unsubstituted or may be monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by OH, OA, NH<sub>2</sub>, NAA', O-alkylene-NAA' or O-alkylene-OH,  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

9. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1,  
in which

B is phenyl which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, O-alkylene-N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or O-alkylene-OH, or unsubstituted pyridyl,  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

10. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1,  
in which

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each, independently of one another, H, methoxy, ethoxy, benzyloxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, difluoromethoxy, F, Cl, cyclopentyloxy, cyclohexyloxy or cycloheptyloxy,  
R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> together are alternatively -OCH<sub>2</sub>O- or -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-,  
R<sup>3</sup> is H, A''R<sup>9</sup>, COA''R<sup>9</sup>, COOA''R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA''R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A'''R<sup>9</sup>), NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA''R<sup>9</sup>, N(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A'''R<sup>9</sup>), NCOA''R<sup>9</sup> or NCOOA''R<sup>9</sup>,  
R<sup>4</sup> is H,  
X is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene,  
A'' and A''' are each, independently of one another, absent or alkylene having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms, and  
R<sup>9</sup> is H, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-aryl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Het,  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

11. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1,  
in which

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each, independently of one another, H, methoxy, ethoxy, benzyloxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, difluoromethoxy, F, Cl, cyclopentyloxy,

cyclohexyloxy or cycloheptyloxy,  
 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  together are alternatively  $-OCH_2O-$  or  $-OCH_2CH_2O-$ ,  
 $R^3$  is  $H$ ,  $A''R^9$ ,  $COA''R^9$ ,  $COOA''R^9$ ,  $CONH_2$ ,  $CONHA''R^9$ ,  $CON(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,  
 $NH_2$ ,  $NHA''R^9$ ,  $N(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,  $NCOA''R^9$  or  $NCOOA''R^9$ ,  
 $R^4$  is  $H$ ,  
 $X$  is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene,  
 $A''$  and  $A'''$  are each, independently of one another, absent or alkylene having 1, 2, 3 or 4 carbon atoms,  
 $R^9$  is  $H$ ,  $(CH_2)_n$ -aryl or  $(CH_2)_n$ Het,  
aryl is phenyl, naphthyl, fluorenyl or biphenyl, each of which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by  $OR^{13}$ ,  
 $R^{13}$  is  $H$  or alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,  
Het is pyridyl, pyridyl N-oxide, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, triazinyl, isoxazolinyl, oxazolinyl, thiazolinyl, pyrazolinyl, imidazolinyl, naphthyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, cinnolinyl, phthalazinyl, quinazolinyl or quinoxalinyl, and  
 $B$  is phenyl which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by  $OR^{13}$ ,  $N(R^{13})_2$ , O-alkylene- $N(R^{13})_2$  or O-alkylene-OH, or unsubstituted pyridyl,  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

12. (Currently Amended) A compound according to Claim 1,  
in which

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  are each, independently of one another, methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy or isopropoxy,  
 $R^3$  is  $H$ , fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl, acetyl, tert-butyloxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, N,N-dimethylaminoethyl, benzyl or pyridylmethyl,  
 $R^4$  is  $H$ ,  
 $X$  is methylene, ethylene, propylene or butylene,  
 $R^{13}$  is  $H$  or alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,  
Het is pyridyl, and  
 $B$  is phenyl which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted by  $OR^{13}$ ,  $N(R^{13})_2$ , O-alkylene- $N(R^{13})_2$  or O-alkylene-OH, or unsubstituted pyridyl;  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

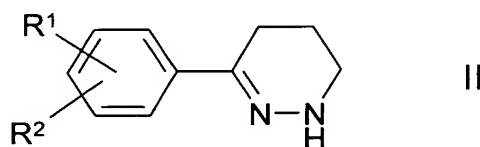
13. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1, which is
- a) benzyl {1-(1S)-(4-tert-butoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
  - b) benzyl {2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-1-(1S)-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
  - c) 2-(2S)-amino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-[4-(2-hydroxyethoxy)phenyl]propan-1-one,
  - d) 3-[4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-2-(2S)-(2-dimethylaminoethylamino)-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]propan-1-one,
  - e) 2-(2S)-amino-3-[4-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]propan-1-one,
  - f) 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl {1-(1S)-(4-tert-butoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
  - g) 2-(2S)-amino-3-(4-tert-butoxyphenyl)-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]propan-1-one,
  - h) 2-(2S)-amino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propan-1-one,
  - i) 2-(2S)-benzylamino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propan-1-one,
  - j) 1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(2S)-[(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)amino]propan-1-one,
  - k) tert-butyl {1-(1R)-(4-methoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
  - l) tert-butyl {1-(1S)-(4-methoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} carbamate,
  - m) N-{1-(1S)-(4-tert-butoxybenzyl)-2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl} acetamide,
  - n) N-[2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-1-(1S)-(4-hydroxybenzyl)-2-oxoethyl]acetamide,
  - o) tert-butyl {2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-1-(1R)-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)ethyl} carbamate,
  - p) 2-(2R)-amino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-

- 3-pyridin-3-ylpropan-1-one,
- q) tert-butyl {2-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-1-(1R)-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)ethyl} carbamate, or
- r) 2-(2R)-amino-1-[3-(3-ethoxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5,6-dihydro-4H-pyridazin-1-yl]-3-pyridin-4-ylpropan-1-one,
- or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof.

14. (Cancelled)

15. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of claim 1 or a salt or ~~solvate~~ thereof, comprising

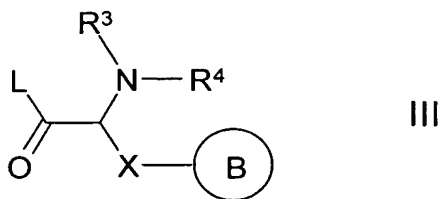
- a) reacting a compound of formula II



in which

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined in Claim 1,

with a compound of formula III



in which

L is Cl, Br, I or a free or reactively functionally modified OH group,

and R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, X and B are as defined in Claim 1,

with the proviso that any further OH and/or amino group present is protected,

and subsequently, optionally, a protecting group is removed,

or

- b) one or more radicals R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and/or B in a compound of the formula I are



converted into one or more other radicals  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$  and/or B by

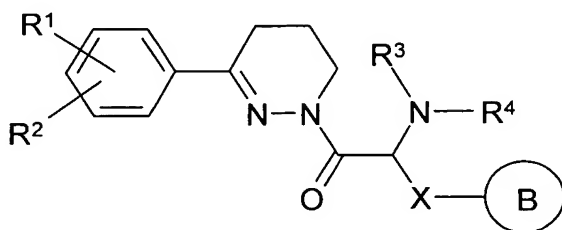
- i) cleaving an ether or ester,
- ii) alkylating or acylating an OH function,
- iii) reductively alkylating an amino group,

and/or a basic compound of formula I is converted into one of its salts by treatment with an acid.

16. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound according to Claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ~~prodrug, solvate~~ or a stereoisomer thereof and one or more excipients and/or adjuvants.

17-26 (Cancelled)

27. (New) A compound of formula I



in which

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  are each, independently of one another, H, OH,  $OR^8$ ,  $-SR^8$ ,  $-SOR^8$ ,  $-SO_2R^8$  or Hal,

$R^1$  and  $R^2$  together are alternatively  $-OCH_2O-$  or  $-OCH_2CH_2O-$ ,

$R^3$  is H,  $A''R^9$ ,  $COA''R^9$ ,  $COOA''R^9$ ,  $CONH_2$ ,  $CONHA''R^9$ ,  $CON(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,  $NH_2$ ,  $NHA''R^9$ ,  $N(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,  $NCOA''R^9$  or  $NCOOA''R^9$ ,

$R^4$  is H,  $A''R^9$ ,  $COA''R^9$ ,  $COOA''R^9$ ,  $CONH_2$ ,  $CONHA''R^9$  or  $CON(A''R^9)(A'''R^9)$ ,

B is an aromatic isocyclic or heterocyclic radical, which may be unsubstituted or monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$  and/or  $R^7$ ,

X is alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms,

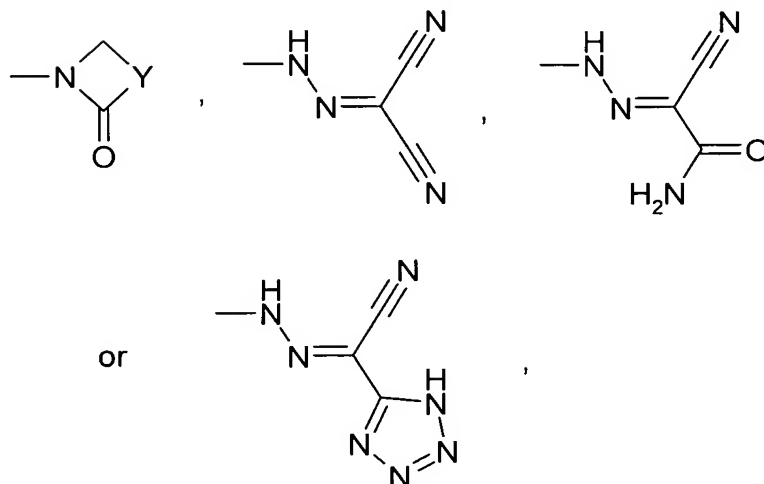
in which one, two or three  $CH_2$  groups may be replaced by O, S, SO,  $SO_2$ ,

NH or  $NA''R^9$ ,

1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,  
and/or 1 or 2 H atoms may be replaced by R<sup>11</sup> and/or R<sup>12</sup>,

R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>

and R<sup>7</sup> are each, independently of one another, H, A''R<sup>9</sup>, OH, OA''R<sup>9</sup>, NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA''R<sup>9</sup>,  
N(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A'''R<sup>9</sup>), NHCOA''R<sup>9</sup>, NHCOOA''R<sup>9</sup>, NHCONH<sub>2</sub>, NHCONHA''R<sup>9</sup>,  
NHCON(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A'''R<sup>9</sup>), Hal, COOH, COOA''R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA''R<sup>9</sup>,  
CON(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A'''R<sup>9</sup>),



R<sup>8</sup> is A, cycloalkyl having 3-7 carbon atoms or alkylencycloalkyl having 4-8 carbon atoms,

R<sup>9</sup> is H, COOH, COOA, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA, CONAA', NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA, NAA', NCOA,  
NCOOA, OH, OA, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-aryl or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>Het,

R<sup>10</sup> is alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl having 3-7 carbon atoms,  
alkylencycloalkyl having 4-8 carbon atoms or alkenyl having 2-8 carbon atoms,

in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>,  
NH, NMe, NEt and/or by -CH=CH- groups,

1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,  
and/or 1 H atom may be replaced by R<sup>9</sup>,

R<sup>11</sup> is H, A, COOA''R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA''R<sup>9</sup>, CON(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A'''R<sup>9</sup>),  
NH<sub>2</sub>, NHA''R<sup>9</sup>, N(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A'''R<sup>9</sup>), NCOA''R<sup>9</sup>, NCOOA''R<sup>9</sup>, OH or OA''R<sup>9</sup>,

R<sup>12</sup> is H, A, COOA''R<sup>9</sup>, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHA''R<sup>9</sup> or  
CON(A''R<sup>9</sup>)(A'''R<sup>9</sup>),

Y is alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms,  
in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>,  
NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or  
1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

A and A' are each, independently of one another, alkyl having 1-10 carbon atoms or alkenyl having 2-8 carbon atoms,  
in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or  
1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,  
or  
aryl or Het,

A and A' together are alternatively an alkylene chain having 2-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NR<sup>10</sup>, NCOR<sup>10</sup> or NCOOR<sup>10</sup>,

A" and A''' are each, independently of one another,  
absent, alkylene having 1-10 carbon atoms, alkenylene having 2-8 carbon atoms or cycloalkylene having 3-7 carbon atoms,  
in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH or NR<sup>10</sup> and/or  
1-7 H atoms may be replaced by F and/or Cl,

A" and A''' together are alternatively an alkylene chain having 2-7 carbon atoms, in which one, two or three CH<sub>2</sub> groups may be replaced by O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, NH, NR<sup>10</sup>, NCOR<sup>10</sup> or NCOOR<sup>10</sup>,

aryl is phenyl, naphthyl, fluorenyl or biphenyl, each of which is unsubstituted or monosubstituted, disubstituted or trisubstituted by Hal, R<sup>14</sup>, OR<sup>13</sup>, N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, COOR<sup>13</sup>, CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>COR<sup>13</sup>, NR<sup>13</sup>CON(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub>, NR<sup>13</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>A, COR<sup>13</sup>, SO<sub>2</sub>N(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>2</sub> or S(O)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>14</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup> is H or alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>14</sup> is alkyl having 1-6 carbon atoms,

Het is a monocyclic or bicyclic saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic ring having 1 or 2 N, O and/or S atoms, which may be unsubstituted or monosubstituted or disubstituted by oxo group, Hal, R<sup>14</sup>,

$OR^{13}$ ,  $N(R^{13})_2$ ,  $NO_2$ ,  $CN$ ,  $COOR^{13}$ ,  $CON(R^{13})_2$ ,  $NR^{13}COR^{13}$ ,  
 $NR^{13}CON(R^{13})_2$ ,  $NR^{13}SO_2R^{14}$ ,  $COR^{13}$ ,  $SO_2NR^{13}$  and/or  $S(O)_mR^{14}$ ,

Hal is F, Cl, Br or I,

m is 0, 1 or 2, and

n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4,

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug, solvate or a stereoisomer thereof.

Claim 28 (New) A compound according to claim 27, which is in the form of a solvate.